



SAFETY DATA SHEET

DULUX TRADE CORROCOTE 1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : *DULUX TRADE CORROCOTE 1

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Use in accordance with directions on the can.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ICI DULUX (PTY) LTD NO. 1 PAINTS PLACE DICKENS ROAD UMBOGINTWINI

4126

SOUTH AFRICA

Telephone number : Customer Care No.: 0860330111

(24 hours/day, every day of the week)

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: xxxxx@xxxxxxxxxx

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Version : 3.01

Date of previous issue : 26-8-2020

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 1/19

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown

toxicity

Ingredients of unknown

: 0%

: 0%

ecotoxicity

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention: P280 - Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

Response : P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P305 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage : P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national or international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients: butan-1-ol

Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene

2-methylpropan-1-ol

Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated

maleic anhydride

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Not applicable.

articles

Special packaging requirements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 2/19

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger: Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
butan-1-ol	EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1]
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤5	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤4,5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1]
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	CAS: 68002-18-6	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
pentan-2-ol	EC: 227-907-6 CAS: 6032-29-7 Index: 603-006-00-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335 EUH066	[1]
Propan-2-ol	CAS: 67-63-0 Index:	≤2	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
Phosphoric acid	603-117-00-0 REACH #: 01-2119485924-24 CAS: 7664-38-2 Index: 015-011-00-6	≤3	STOT SE 3, H336 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
3-methylbutan-2-ol	EC: 209-950-2 CAS: 598-75-4	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 3/19

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<u> </u>	Index:	1	STOT SE 3, H335	
	603-006-00-7		FUH066	
mhamal				[4] [0]
phenol	EC: 203-632-7	<1	Acute Tox. 3, H301	[1] [2]
	CAS: 108-95-2		Acute Tox. 3, H311	
	Index:		Acute Tox. 3, H331	
	604-001-00-2		Skin Corr. 1B, H314	
			Eye Dam. 1, H318	
			Muta. 2, H341	
			STOT RE 2, H373	
3-pentanol	EC: 209-526-7	≤0,3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1]
	CAS: 584-02-1		Acute Tox. 4, H332	
			STOT SE 3, H335	
			EUH066	
Fatty acids, C14-18 and	REACH #: Not yet	≤0,3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1]
C16-18-unsatd., maleated	registered		Skin Sens. 1, H317	
	EC: 288-306-2			
	CAS: 85711-46-2			
zinc oxide	REACH #:	≤0,3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	[1]
	01-2119463881-32		Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	
	EC: 215-222-5			
	CAS: 1314-13-2			
maleic anhydride	EC: 203-571-6	≤0,1	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1]
	CAS: 108-31-6		Skin Corr. 1B, H314	
			Eye Dam. 1, H318	
			Resp. Sens. 1, H334	
			Skin Sens. 1A, H317	
			STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system)	
			See Section 16 for	
			the full text of the H	
			statements declared	
			above.	
			anove.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

	••••••	 	
General			In all

: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running Eye contact water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical

attention.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 4/19

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated, maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 5/19

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 6/19

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Industrial sector specific

: Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EU OEL (Europe, 2/2017). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes.		
phenol	EU OEL (Europe, 2/2017). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 8 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 16 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 4 ppm 15 minutes.		

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Hand protection

Gloves

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin protection

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 7/19

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm.

When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Body protection

Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:

When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.

Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.

Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)

The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.

Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.

Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 8/19

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

: Various: See label. Colour **Odour** : Not available. **Odour threshold** : Not available. pH : Not available. Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling : 78°C

range

Flash point : Closed cup: 12°C **Evaporation rate** : Not available. : Not available. **Upper/lower flammability or**

explosive limits

: Not available. Vapour pressure : Not available. Vapour density **Relative density** 0,953

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (room temperature): 1,85 cm²/s

: Not available. **Explosive properties Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2. Other information

: Not available. Solubility in water

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). 10.2 Chemical stability

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition

products.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous

decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide,

carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 9/19

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated, maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butan-1-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	254 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	377 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	310 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Bird - wild bird	2500 mg/kg	_
		species		
	LD50 Oral	Dog	1782 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Hamster	1,2 g/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1,2 g/kg 100 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3484 mg/kg	-
				-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0,79 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,36 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	3200 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Dermal	Rabbit	5 mL/kg	-
	LDLo Intravenous	Cat	243 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Dog	1760 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Human	428 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Route of exposure	Rabbit	3500 mg/kg	-
	unreported			
	LDLo Subcutaneous	Dog	2 g/kg	-
	TDLo Eyes	Human	72,5 mg/m ³	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	_
	TDLo Oral	Rabbit	0,8 g/kg	_
Reaction Mass of	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene	2000 milatation Gas.	1.00	оссо рр	1110010
and P-Xylene				
and 1 -xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	
z-metryipropan- i-oi	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	1201 mg/kg	-
				-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Hamster	1401 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	544 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	544 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rabbit	323 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	720 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	417 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	340 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	74,1 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Intravenous	Cat	180 mg/kg	-
o of issue/Date of revision	· 31_8_2020	l	<u> </u>	Page: 10/

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 10/19

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	LDLo Oral	Human	428 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Rabbit	3750 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Rabbit	3750 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Eyes	Human	72,5 mg/m³	-
maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	97 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	390 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	465 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	875 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
Oral	4463,8 mg/kg		
Dermal	10551,1 mg/kg		
Inhalation (vapours)	87,97 mg/l		

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 Mililiters	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1.62 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100%	_
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, isobutylated	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
pentan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
Propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	-	_
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	_	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	_	_
phenol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0,5 minutes 5 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	5 milligrams	_
	Skin - Severe irritant	Pig	-	0,5 minutes 400	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	535 milligrams	-
3-pentanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
maleic anhydride	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 Percent	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Positive - Inhalation - TC	Mouse	<75 ppm	103 weeks; 5 days per week

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs	
butan-1-ol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects	
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects	
pentan-2-ol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation	
Propan-2-ol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects	
3-methylbutan-2-ol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation	
3-pentanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation	

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
phenol maleic anhydride	5 - 7		Not determined respiratory system

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 12/19

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2300000 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1910000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Alburnus alburnus	48 hours
		Fish - Alburnus alburnus	00 60000
	Acute LC50 1910000 µg/l Fresh water		96 hours
		Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 1940000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Reaction Mass of	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene		pugio	
and P-Xylene			
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
rizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0,21 mg/l	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0,19 mg/l	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
		reticulata	
	Acute EC50 0,27 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute IC50 0,136 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum	72 hours
		capricornutum	
	Acute LC50 1,92 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0,77 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0,33 mg/l	Fish - Thymallus articus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 90 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1200000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
		reticulata - Larvae	
	Acute EC50 1300000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 1439000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 1100000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 1460 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1190000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1030000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1460000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Ictalurus punctatus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1430 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	96 hours
	in the second se	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 1430000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 20 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
phenol	Acute EC50 61,1 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 36 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Hormosira banksii -	72 hours
		Gamete	
	Acute EC50 94 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna	96 hours
		aequinoctialis	
	Acute EC50 5,5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia obtusa - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 16 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Hormosira banksii - Gamete	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1,5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 118 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	90 days

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020

SECTION 12: Ecological information

zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0,11 mg/l	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 24,6 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0,14 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute IC50 0,17 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute IC50 1,85 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute IC50 46 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9,71 mg/l	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1,1 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1,02 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0,41 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0,17 mg/l	Fish - Thymallus articus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1,1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Reaction Mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butan-1-ol	1	-	low
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	high
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
pentan-2-ol	1,19	-	low
3-methylbutan-2-ol	1,28	-	low
phenol	1,47	647	high
3-pentanol	1,21	-	low
zinc oxide	-	60960	high
maleic anhydride	-2,78	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 14/19

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Disposal considerations

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by
		hazardous substances

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

	ADR	IMDG
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (trizinc bis (orthophosphate))
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	3	3
Subsidiary class	-	-
14.4 Packing group	III	II

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 15/19

Page: 16/19

DULUX TRADE CORROCOTE 1

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

14.5 Environmental hazards			
Marine pollutant	Yes.	Yes.	
Marine pollutant substances		trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	
14.6 Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.		
HI/Kemler number	30		
Emergency schedules (EmS)		F-E, S-E	
14.7 Transport in bulk : Not applicable. according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code			
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (D/E)	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Viscous substance exemption This class 3 material can be shipped as Packing Group III in packagings up to 30 L.	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC for Ready-for-Use : Not applicable.

Mixture

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 16/19

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

CEPE code : 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if
	inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 17/19

Page: 18/19

DULUX TRADE CORROCOTE 1

SECTION 16: Other information

-	Lanca de la companya	
	H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
		exposure.
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
		exposure.
	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3, H301 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 Acute Tox. 3, H311 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 Acute Tox. 3, H331 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 **EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Eve Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Lig. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 Muta. 2, H341 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 **RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1** Skin Corr. 1B. H314 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Irrit, 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1. H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A Skin Sens. 1A. H317 **STOT RE 1. H372** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED **EXPOSURE - Category 1 STOT RE 2, H373** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED **EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT SE 3, H335** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 **STOT SE 3, H336** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Date of printing : 8-9-2020 Date of issue/ Date of : 31-8-2020

revision

Date of previous issue : 26-8-2020 Version : 3.01

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020

Page: 19/19

DULUX TRADE CORROCOTE 1

SECTION 16: Other information

light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Brand names mentioned in this data sheet are trademarks of or are licensed to AkzoNobel.

Head Office

AkzoNobel Decorative Coatings BV, Christian Neefestraat 2, 1077 WW Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Date of issue/Date of revision : 31-8-2020 Page: 19/19